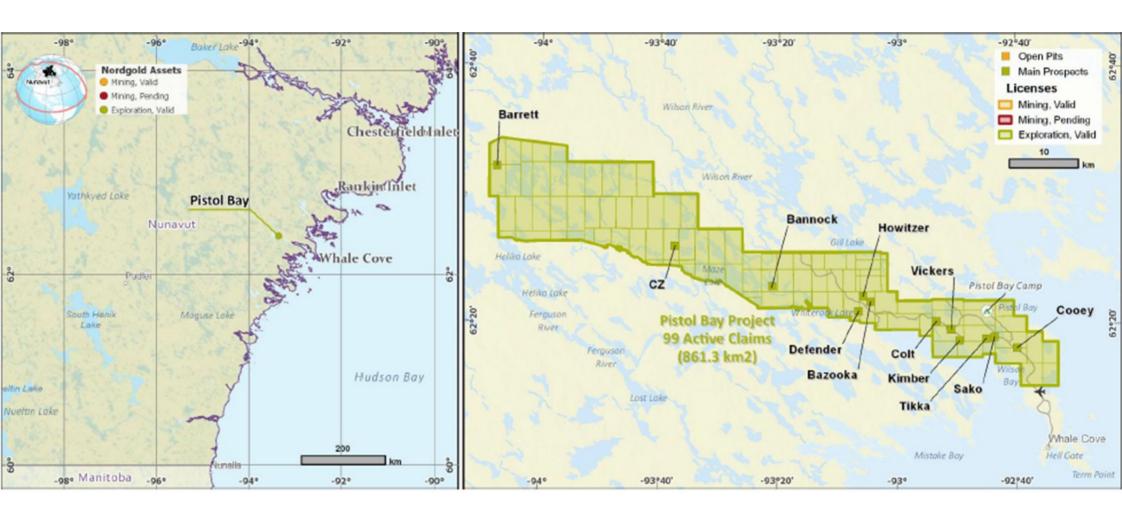


Pistol Bay Project

Challenges and Opportunities

Kivalliq Trade Show September 24-26, 2018

PISTOL BAY PROJECT - Location



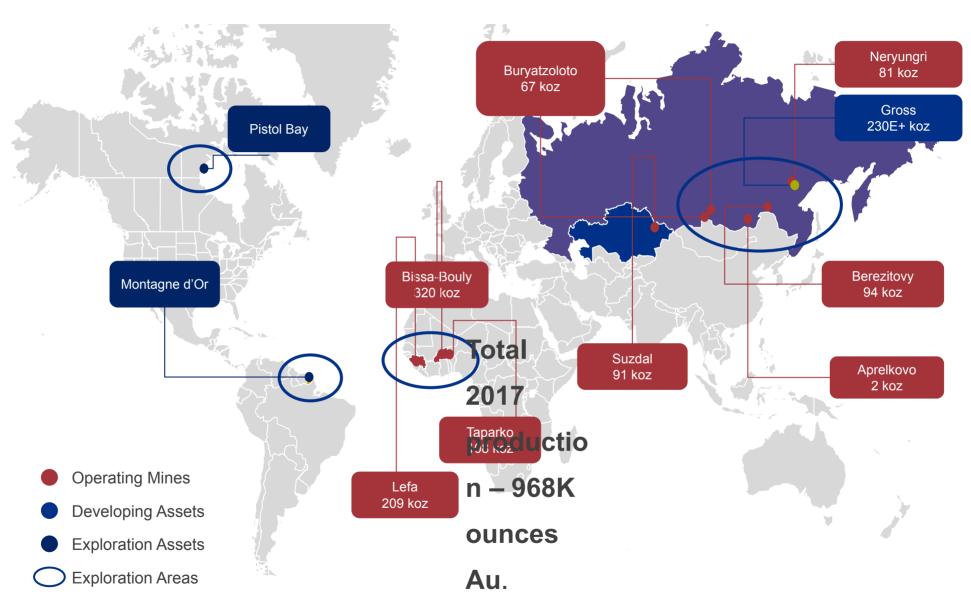


Who is Nordgold? Established in 2007 and held by private investors

nordgold

- Nordgold employs over 8,000 people and operates 9 mines (5 in Russia, 2 in Burkina Faso and one each in Guinea and Kazakhstan). Nordgold has one project in construction phase, several prospective projects in feasibility study, preliminary economic assessment and advanced exploration phase and a diverse portfolio of early-stage exploration projects and licences in Burkina Faso, Russia, French Guiana and Canada
- In 2017, Nordgold produced 968,000 ounces of gold with all-in sustaining costs of US\$905 per ounce,
- Nordgold has a proven track record of operational excellence, is focused on shareholder value, committed to running safe, efficient, profitable operations to generate strong cash flows and invest in its new opportunities

Diversified Asset Base Across Four Continents





PISTOL BAY PROJECT – recent history

- Northquest acquired Mineral Rights on the Pistol Bay Project in 2011 based on results obtained in 1983 to 1989 by Canadian Nickel Company
- 2011 Northquest commenced exploration on the Pistol Bay Project
- 2012 Excellent results returned from drilling at the Vickers deposit
- June 2014 Nordgold began process of acquiring ownership of Northquest Ltd
- October 2016 Nordgold completed process of acquiring a 100% interest of Northquest Ltd, and 100% of the Pistol Bay Project



Exploration and Mining – the challenges we face everywhere

Exploration anywhere is a **very complicated and risky business**, and it gets even more complicated as projects move to the development and mining phases

Technical

- are we able to figure out the complex geology and find enough gold (or diamonds or whatever) to make mining economic
- Once we find the gold, can we actually mine it

Business

- Will we be able to find investors to support our work?
- Will the price of gold stay high enough to support development and mining?

Social

- Do the people who are effected by our work support what we are doing?
- How do we ensure that all stakeholders benefit from the project going forward?



Exploration and Mining – the challenges we face everywhere

Permitting

- All jurisdictions have complex rules in place to protect the environment and to ensure that local priorities are met.
- Permitting for **exploration** is **usually straight forward**, but for mining it is very complicated and may take many years and millions of dollars to complete.

Social Licence

- Consultations with effected communities must be carried out frequently, so that people fully understand the company's intentions
- Every effort must be made to hire locally whenever possible
- Company's work with communities to provide support to local programs

Environment

• <u>All</u> exploration/development must be done in an **environmentally responsible manner**.



Exploration permitting - Nunavut

Before starting to explore in Nunavut a company must:

- Make sure they have the mineral rights (from NTI or INAC).
- Permission to access the land is required from INAC (for Crown Land), RIO (for Surface Rights IOL) and/or GN and municipality (for Commissioners Land).
- A project proposal must be submitted to the Nunavut Impact Review Board (NIRB)
- In addition, the **Nunavut Planning Commission** (NPC) makes sure that the project is in compliance with the pertinent Land Use Plan.
- A work program must be submitted for approval to the **Nunavut Water Board** (NWB) for use of water and disposition of waste,
- A work program must also be submitted for approval to the Workers' Safety and Compensation Commission (WSCC)
- Every year, a **full report of activities** must be submitted to the NIRB, NWB, with copies going to other regulators
- Technical reports must be made to INAC (or NTI) to maintain mineral rights.

For mining and development, the process is much more complicated than this.



Local Opportunities and Challenges - Licensing and Permitting

Opportunities

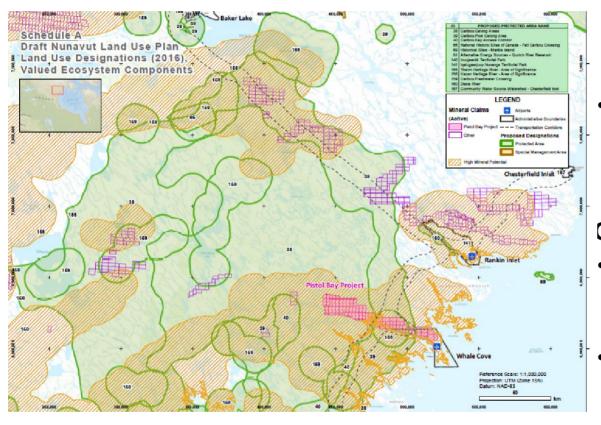
- The NLCA, and the settled land claim in Nunavut is a powerful basis for sustainable development
- Nunavut's regulatory system should and can ensure that development is carried out so that the needs of Nunavummiut are met, the environment is protected and investors see the value of spending scarce investment dollars in Nunavut
- GN Department of CGS as well as INAC staff has a good understanding of mineral exploration timelines and need for permits in a timely manner

Challenges

- Some agencies are actively discouraging investment by setting up strong legal barriers to working in Nunavut.
 - NPC is proposing Nunavut-wide land use plan that will ensure that no development can happen in huge parts of the territory, particularly in the Kivalliq
 - KivlA is making access to IOL challenging, and has been changing rules frequently. Compliance with new regulations is virtually impossible
 - GN Department of the Environment no longer makes maps of wildlife movements available to exploration companies



Nunavut Planning Commission - Draft Nunavut Land Use Plan



Challenges

- The plan in its current state will very strongly discourage development in Nunavut, and especially in Kivalliq
- All of the signatories to any LUP (NTI, INAC and GN) have stated their disagreement with the plan

Opportunities

- In the absence of a territory-wide LUP, in the Kivalliq, there is the Keewatin Land Use Plan
- A well thought through LUP can set the stage for responsible development and environmental protection for years to come.
- It is not too late for the NPC start a new plan that will serve the people of Nunavut well



Kivalliq Inuit Association Land Access Permits

Challenge

- KIA has sent out some confusing anti-development messages in the recent past
 - Taking more than 18 months to renew an annual access permit
 - Based on concerns about the latest Draft Nunavut Land Use Plan, KIA announcing that they would not be renewing any land access permits (this policy was recently reversed)

Opportunity:

 Continue to work with the KIA and especially the Lands Department to support initiatives, share information, and work together.





Social License – Opportunities and Challenges

Challenges

- Community support for a project must be earned by putting considerable effort into building and maintaining positive relationships with stakeholders
- It is very easy to lose goodwill
- An important part of building local support is hiring locally. Many Nunavut communities lack the capacity to provide skilled labour, and there is a lot of competition in employers in Kivalliq for a small number qualified people.

Opportunities

- In our (limited) experience, Hamlet Councils are willing to support responsible exploration that is sensitive to local needs
- Local stakeholders can be powerful allies in a company's quest to take a project from exploration through development and mining.
- A positive reputation developed locally can benefit a company in its activities elsewhere in Canada and throughout the world.
- Once a local workforce is developed, it is much cheaper to have locally sourced workers than those who have to be brought in from South
- Support GN's Prospector and Driller's assistant training programs
- Encourage GN to investigate GNWT's Field
 Assistant Training Program



Environment: Challenges and Opportunities



Environmental Challenges:

- Mobile Mitigation Measures only used by the KIA. Not approved by INAC and need industry buy-in in order to be effective
- INAC has Caribou Protection
 Measures
- GN, Department of Environment does not make accessible, seasonal movement maps for caribou – no response from GN
- Restrictive and virtually impossible to comply

Environmental Opportunities:

✓ Work with KIA and GN and INAC on caribou issues for the benefit of all



Pistol Bay Project – Challenges and Opportunities

Like most things in life there are Challenges and Opportunities to working in Nunavut.

We believe, however, that all parities want the same thing – that the people of Nunavut are allowed to prosper in their own land.

By working together we can achieve that goal

Questions? Matna



